

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019 and 2018

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY Tampa, Florida

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2019 and 2018

CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3-11
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENTS OF NET POSITIONSTATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES	12-13
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDRECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND	15
BALANCE TO STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION	16
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN	47
FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDRECONCILIATION OF STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES	17
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL	
FUND TO STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIESNOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
HISTORICAL PENSION INFORMATION: SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET	
PENSION LIABILITY – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN	41
SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN	42
SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET	72
PENSION LIABILITY – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY	42
SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS – FLORIDA	
RETIREMENT SYSTEM HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY	44
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE: SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN	
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GOVERNMENTAL FUND	45
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER	
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS	
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	46-47
MANAGEMENT LETTER	-
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES	50
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Children's Board of Hillsborough County (the Children's Board), as of and for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Children's Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Children's Board's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Children's Board's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Children's Board, as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, historical pension information and budgetary comparison schedule as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 12, 2020, on our consideration of the Children's Board internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Children's Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe LLP

Crown Llf

Tampa, Florida March 12, 2020

September 30, 2019 and 2018

The Children's Board of Hillsborough County's (the Children's Board) Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a financial performance review that is designed to focus on the financial activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts for the fiscal year ended on September 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying presented financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The Hillsborough County ad valorem property tax base increased \$8.4 billion or 9.68 percent from fiscal year 2018 to 2019 because of the increase in property values. Total net ad valorem revenue increased \$3.8 million. The millage rate remained at .4589 mills per \$1,000 of property value.
- The overall change in revenue from fiscal year 2018 to 2019 was a net increase of \$4.9 million or 12.1% due to the increase in ad valorem revenue, an increase in investment income due to an increase in the interest rate, and an increased investment by Eckerd Connects in the Administrative Services Organization (ASO).
- Total program expenditures increased by \$3.5 million or 12% for fiscal year 2019 for a total of \$32.6 million (83% of total expenses). There was an increase in new funding released and continuation contracts were given an increase to enhance services.
- Governmental Fund balance increased \$5.5 million or 20.3 percent for fiscal year 2019 because expenditures were under budget and revenue was over budget. There was a budgeted spend down of the fund balance.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities on pages 12 and 14 provide information about the activities of the Children's Board as a whole and present a long-term view of the Children's Board's finances. Governmental Fund financial statements start on page 15. For governmental activities, these statements explain how the services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The Children's Board's basic financial statements provide users long-term and short-term information about the Children's Board's overall financial position. The Governmental Fund financial statements provide a current financial resource measurement focus using modified accrual accounting. The Government-Wide financial statements provide users an economic resource measurement focus based on full accrual accounting. The Government-Wide and Governmental Fund statement presentations allow the users to address relevant questions concerning the basis of comparison from year to year or government to government and the Children's Board's accountability.

September 30, 2019 and 2018

Overview of the Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Children's Board activities in a way that helps to evaluate its economic and financial position. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the method of accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Children's Board's net position and changes in it. Net Position is the difference between assets and liabilities. An increase in net position happens when revenue for the year exceeds expenditures.

In the Statement of Net Position (Table 1) and the Statement of Activities (Table 2) all of The Children's Board's services are considered governmental activities. Appropriation funding includes property taxes, state and federal grants and other local funding to finance these activities.

Table 1
Statement of Net Position:

	2019	2018	2017
Assets:			
Current and other Assets	\$ 16,840,179	\$ 14,983,615	\$ 14,148,395
Designated Assets	21,466,374	16,868,378	12,689,463
Capital Assets (net)	4,433,002	3,636,975	3,811,839
Total Assets	42,739,555	35,488,968	30,649,697
Deferred Outflows:			
Pensions	939,626	958,809	1,023,979
Liabilities:			
Current and Other Liabilities	9,056,442	7,776,662	8,472,534
Deferred Inflows:			
Pensions	262,388	368,336	299,453
Net Position:			
Invested in Capital Assets	4,433,002	3,636,975	3,811,839
Unrestricted	29,927,349	24,665,804	19,089,850
Total Net Position	\$ 34,360,351	\$ 28,302,779	\$ 22,901,689

Total Assets increased \$7.3 million and 20.4 percent because of the increase in Future Commitments and the purchase of a building for the Temple Terrace Children's Board Family Resource Center. \$477,413 will be encumbered in fiscal year 2020.

September 30, 2019 and 2018

Table 2
Statement of Activities:

	2019	2018	2017
Expenses:			
Program Expense	\$ 32,580,269	\$ 29,084,247	\$ 27,695,625
Operating and Non-Operating Expense	6,240,351	5,527,948	5,332,552
Depreciation Expense	173,231	174,864	175,191_
Total Expenses	38,993,851	34,787,059	33,203,368
Revenues:			
Ad Valorem Taxes	42,440,445	38,597,498	35,503,177
	, ,	, ,	
Investment Income	1,163,907	721,353	350,169
Other Funding	1,447,071	869,298	351,937
Total Revenues	45,051,423	40,188,149	36,205,283
Change in Net Position	6,057,572	5,401,090	3,001,915
Net Position - Beginning of Year	28,302,779	22,901,689	19,899,774
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 34,360,351	\$ 28,302,779	\$ 22,901,689

The Statement of Activities shows the effect of capitalization of infrastructure and fixed assets and other nominal differences (Table 2) as time-related depreciable elements and expenses that the Governmental Fund (page 14) treats as expended in the period that the asset is acquired.

Total expenses increased \$4.2 million or 12 percent from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019. Operating and non-operating expenses increased \$0.4 million or 7.6 percent for the fiscal period.

Total revenues increased \$4.9 million over the prior year. Ad Valorem Taxes increased 10 percent due to an increase in property values. Investment Income increased 61.4% because of an increase in the interest rate. Other funding increased 66.5% due to an increase in ASO Funding.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Fund financial statements starting on page 15 focus on the individual parts of the Children's Board's activities and reports the Children's Board's operations in more detail than the Government-Wide statements.

The traditional users of government financial statements will find the Governmental Fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The Children's Board uses only one government fund category and does not have any proprietary or fiduciary funds activity.

September 30, 2019 and 2018

Governmental Fund – All of The Children's Board's services are reported in a governmental fund. This focuses on cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the Governmental Fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the readers determine whether there are financial resources available to finance the Children's Board's basic services in the near future. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Government-Wide financial statements, we describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and Governmental Fund in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

		2019		2018		<u>2017</u>
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable Fund Balance:						
Prepaid Expenditures	\$	23,000	\$	26,100	\$	23,000
Committed Fund Balance:						
Building and Capital Reserve		313,119		229,591		264,214
Minimal Operational Expenditures	2	2,598,850	:	2,388,909		1,968,474
Assigned Fund Balance:						
Future Commitments of Current Programs	18	3,554,405	1	4,249,878	1	0,456,775
Unassigned Fund Balance:						
Unassigned Funds	_10),893,170	_1	0,033,449		8,514,206
Total Fund Balance	\$32	2,382,544	\$2	6,927,927	\$2	1,226,669

Summary of Balance Sheet

The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 15 presents information on the Children's Board's assets and liabilities and the combined fund balance. The fund balance increased from \$26.9 million to \$32.4 million due to underspending in program funding.

The \$32.4 million fund balance at September 30, 2019 consists of non-spendable, committed, assigned and unassigned categories. The non-spendable fund balance includes \$23 thousand of prepaid expenditures. The committed fund balance includes the building and capital reserve and minimal operational expenditures for the first two months of each fiscal year totaling \$2.9 million. The assigned fund balance is for future commitments of current programs totaling \$18.6 million. The remaining \$10.9 million represents the unassigned fund balance, which is the remaining portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned which is available for general purposes.

September 30, 2019 and 2018

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Total revenues from the Governmental Fund were \$45.1 million in FY 2019, a 12.1 percent increase from FY 2018. The ad-valorem tax revenues, the Children's Board's largest revenue source, was \$42.4 million. This was a 10 percent increase from FY 2018 because of the increase in property values. The millage rate remained at .4589.

Total expenditures for governmental activities were \$39.6 million, a 14.8 percent increase from FY 2018. This included \$4.9 million in operating expenditures, \$1.1 million in non-operating, 1.0 million in capital outlay, and \$32.6 million in program expenditures. The program expenditures included an overall 12 percent increase.

At year-end 2019, the Children's Board's general fund reported \$32.4 million in fund balance, which is an increase of \$5.5 million or 20.3 percent increase from fiscal year 2018.

Table 3
General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

	Original Budget 2019	Amended Budget 2019	Actual 2019
Revenues			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 41,771,412	\$ 41,771,412	\$ 42,440,445
Investment Income	756,000	756,000	1,163,907
Other Funding	1,920,000	1,920,000	1,447,071
Total Revenues	44,447,412	44,447,412	45,051,423
Expenditures			
Personnel	3,973,914	3,973,914	3,914,999
Operational Expenses	1,258,637	1,258,637	988,280
Capital	-	1,400,200	969,258
Non-Operating Expenses	1,201,570	1,201,570	1,144,000
Program Expenses	41,248,693	39,848,493	32,580,269
Total Expenditures	47,682,814	47,682,814	39,596,806
Change to Fund Balance	\$ (3,235,402)	\$ (3,235,402)	\$ 5,454,617

General Fund Budget Comparison

Total revenues exceeded total expenditures by \$5.5 million in the general fund for fiscal year 2019 – as shown in Table 3.

Total Actual general fund revenues were \$.6 million and 1.3 percent more than the amended budgeted revenues for fiscal year 2019.

The actual expenditures were \$8.1 million below the budget amounts due to underspending in both operating and program budgets. Operating expenditures were under budget due to vacant positions throughout the year, and underspending in facility expenditures and contracted services. Unallocated funds through the competitive process and under spending in program contracts resulted in program expenditures being under budget for fiscal year 2019.

The Children's Board's general fund balance change of \$5.5 million reported (Table 3) differs from the amended general fund's budgeted fund balance change of (\$3.2) million. This is principally because of lower than anticipated program and operating expenditures.

September 30, 2019 and 2018

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Children's Board has established a fixed asset amount of \$5,000 and greater as the threshold to recognize capitalized assets.

Table 4 Change in Capital Assets

·	Balance 09/30/18	Additions	Retirements/ Transfers	Balance 09/30/19
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land-Palm Avenue	\$ 1,082,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,082,724
Land-FRC Temple Terrace	-	300,000	-	300,000
Depreciable assets:				
Building-Palm Avenue	4,730,008	-	-	4,730,008
Building-FRC Temple Terrace	-	650,000	-	650,000
Improvements	155,638	-	-	155,638
Construction-in-Progress	-	19,258	-	19,258
Improvements other than building	414,711	-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	5,880	-	-	5,880
Office Furniture	39,806	-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	11,151			11,151
	6,439,918	969,258	-	7,409,176
Less, accumulated depreciation:				
Building-Palm Avenue	2,273,031	157,667	-	2,430,698
Building-FRC Temple Terrace	-	-	-	-
Improvements	58,364	15,564	-	73,928
Improvements other than building	414,711	-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	5,880	-	-	5,880
Office Furniture	39,806	-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	11,151_			11,151
	2,802,943	173,231		2,976,174
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,636,975	\$ 796,027	\$ -	\$ 4,433,002

September 30, 2019 and 2018

	Balance		Retirements/	Balance
	09/30/17	Additions	Transfers	09/30/18
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land-Palm Avenue	\$ 1,082,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,082,724
Depreciable assets:				
Building-Palm Avenue	4,730,008	-	-	4,730,008
Improvements	155,638	-	-	155,638
Improvements other than building	414,711	-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	11,266	-	(5,386)	5,880
Office Furniture	39,806	-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	40,369		(29,218)	11,151
	6,474,522	-	(34,604)	6,439,918
Less, accumulated depreciation:				
Building-Palm Avenue	2,115,364	157,667	-	2,273,031
Improvements	42,800	15,564	-	58,364
Improvements other than building	414,711	-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	9,633	1,633	5,386	5,880
Office Furniture	39,806	-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	40,369		29,218	11,151
	2,662,683	174,864	34,604	2,802,943
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,811,839	\$ (174,864)	\$ -	\$ 3,636,975

Change in Capital Assets:

At the end of the fiscal year 2019, the Children's Board had \$7.4 Million invested in a variety of capital assets. The total assets have increased from FY 2018 because of the purchase of a building for the Children's Board Family Resource Center in Temple Terrace.

Long Term Debt

At September 30, 2019, the Children's Board had \$3.12 million in long-term debt versus \$2.83 million at September 30, 2018, a net change of \$.29 million and 10.2 percent. This obligation is comprised of compensatory vacation, sick leave and pension liabilities accrued. The net change consists of additions which occurred when additional leave was accrued, deletions which occurred when leaves were used and net post-employment benefits earned by employees during the year.

Section 125.901(3) (a) 6, Florida Statutes, (as it existed prior to October 1, 1990) states that the Children's Board has the power and duty to lease or buy such real estate, equipment, and personal property and to construct such buildings as are needed to execute the foregoing powers and duties, provided that no such purchases shall be made or building done except for cash with funds on hand.

More detail information on capital assets and long-term debt are provided in notes 3, 4, and 5 to the financial statements.

September 30, 2019 and 2018

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Children's Board considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2019 budget and millage rate. The Children's Board promotes the well-being of children and families by uniting community partners, investing in innovative opportunities, and leading the county in best practices—so the whole community can realize its full potential. The organization funds programs and services for children and families throughout Hillsborough County. The primary result of Children's Board funding is that children are healthy and have acquired the developmental foundations needed to succeed in school and in life.

The Children's Board strategically funds faith based and non-profit organizations for services, personnel, programs, and supports that are proven to improve the lives of children and families. The Children's Board also funds training, technical assistance, capacity building, neighborhood initiatives and advocacy activities to create positive community conditions that benefit children and families. The Children's Board identifies child, family, and community needs; determines the best programs and services to fund; selects and contracts with the best program/service providers; and monitors program performance. The Children's Board evaluates the impact of its programs and participates in service and systems planning. Staff support is provided for technical assistance and training to support providers.

The Hillsborough County Property Appraiser's Office reassessed Just Values for market value increases on the 2019 tax rolls presented to the taxing authorities. Accordingly, ad valorem revenues for the Children's Board are budgeted to increase by \$3.8 million for a total of \$45.5 million for fiscal year 2020 with a millage rate remaining at .4589.

The continuation of the Children's Board Strategic Investment plan and current economic conditions were considered when adopting the general fund budget for fiscal year 2020. The total budget for FY 2020 is \$51.9 million, a net increase of 8.79 percent over the final 2019 budget of \$47.7 million. The Children's Board will appropriate \$3.5 million from fund balance in fiscal year 2020.

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September 30, 2019 and 2018

Contacting the Children's Board's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Children's Board's finances and to demonstrate the Children's Board's accountability for the money it receives.

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Tonia Williams, Director of Finance Children's Board of Hillsborough County 1002 E. Palm Avenue Tampa, FL 33605 Telephone (813) 229-2884 or visit the Children's Board's web site at www.childrensboard.org



CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION September 30, 2019 and 2018

ASSETS Current Assets \$ 16,080,362 \$ 14,354,302 Receivables: \$ 343,965 252,730 Ad Valorem Taxes 392,852 350,483 Other 392,852 350,483 Total Receivables 736,817 603,213 Prepaid Expenses 23,000 26,100 Total Current Assets 16,840,179 14,983,615 Noncurrent Assets 250,300 26,100 Pesignated Assets 223,000 26,100 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2) 8 18,554,405 14,249,878 Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) 1 1 Land 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 36,36,975 Tota			<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2) \$ 16,080,362 \$ 14,354,302 Receivables: 343,965 252,730 Other 392,852 350,483 Total Receivables 736,817 603,213 Prepaid Expenses 23,000 26,100 Total Current Assets 16,840,179 14,983,615 Noncurrent Assets 2598,850 2,388,905 Designated Assets 2,598,850 2,388,909 Future Commitments 18,554,405 14,249,878 Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) 1 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968	ASSETS				
Receivables: Ad Valorem Taxes 343,965 252,730 Other 392,852 350,483 Total Receivables 736,817 603,213 Prepaid Expenses 23,000 26,100 Total Current Assets 16,840,179 14,983,615 Noncurrent Assets 2 3000 26,100 Total Current Assets 23,000 26,100 Noncurrent Assets 16,840,179 14,983,615 Noncurrent Assets 2 23,000 26,100 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2) 318,554,405 14,249,878 Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) 1,382,724 1,082,724 Land 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 <t< td=""><td>Current Assets</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Current Assets				
Ad Valorem Taxes 343,965 252,730 Other 392,852 350,483 Total Receivables 736,817 603,213 Prepaid Expenses 23,000 26,100 Total Current Assets 16,840,179 14,983,615 Noncurrent Assets 25,000 20,000 Designated Assets 25,000 20,000 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2) 41,249,878 Future Commitments 18,554,405 14,249,878 Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) 1,382,724 1,082,724 Land 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968	Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2)	\$	16,080,362	\$	14,354,302
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Total Receivables 736,817 603,213 Prepaid Expenses 23,000 26,100 Total Current Assets 16,840,179 14,983,615 Noncurrent Assets 25,000 14,249,878 Designated Assets 2,598,850 2,388,909 Future Commitments 18,554,405 14,249,878 Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) 11,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968	Ad Valorem Taxes		343,965		252,730
Prepaid Expenses 23,000 26,100 Total Current Assets 16,840,179 14,983,615 Noncurrent Assets Designated Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2) Future Commitments 18,554,405 14,249,878 Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968	Other	_	392,852		350,483
Total Current Assets 16,840,179 14,983,615 Noncurrent Assets 2 14,983,615 Designated Assets 18,554,405 14,249,878 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2) 18,554,405 14,249,878 Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Personal Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968	Total Receivables		736,817		603,213
Noncurrent Assets Designated Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2) Future Commitments 18,554,405 14,249,878 Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) Land 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 T,409,176 6,439,918 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968	Prepaid Expenses		23,000		26,100
Designated Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2) Future Commitments 18,554,405 14,249,878 Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) Land 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Total Current Assets		16,840,179		14,983,615
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2) Future Commitments 18,554,405 14,249,878 Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) Land 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Noncurrent Assets				
Future Commitments 18,554,405 14,249,878 Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) 31,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Designated Assets				
Minimum Operating Expenses 2,598,850 2,388,909 Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) 313,119 313,119 Land 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2)				
Building and Capital Reserve 313,119 229,591 Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) Land Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Future Commitments		18,554,405		14,249,878
Total Designated Assets 21,466,374 16,868,378 Capital Assets (Note 3) 1,382,724 1,082,724 Land 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Minimum Operating Expenses		2,598,850		2,388,909
Capital Assets (Note 3) Land 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Building and Capital Reserve		313,119		229,591
Land 1,382,724 1,082,724 Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 T,409,176 6,439,918 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Total Designated Assets	_	21,466,374		16,868,378
Property and Equipment 6,026,452 5,357,194 7,409,176 6,439,918 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Capital Assets (Note 3)				
Less: Accumulated Depreciation 7,409,176 6,439,918 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Land		1,382,724		1,082,724
Less: Accumulated Depreciation (2,976,174) (2,802,943) Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Property and Equipment		6,026,452		5,357,194
Net Capital Assets 4,433,002 3,636,975 Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			7,409,176		6,439,918
Total Assets 42,739,555 35,488,968 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(2,976,174)		(2,802,943)
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Net Capital Assets		4,433,002		3,636,975
	Total Assets	_	42,739,555	_	35,488,968
Pension (Note 4) 939,626 958,809	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
	Pension (Note 4)	_	939,626		958,809

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION September 30, 2019 and 2018

LIABILITIES		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Current Liabilities				
	Φ.	0.40 500	•	00.007
Accounts Payable	\$	246,530	\$	99,337
Contracts Payable		5,535,564		4,706,657
Accrued Salaries, Wages and Benefits		138,733		117,955
Other Liabilities (Note 6)		13,168		23,779
Total Current Liabilities		5,933,995	_	4,947,728
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Accrued Compensated Absences (Note 5)		230,561		313,790
Net Pension Liability (Note 4)		2,891,886		2,515,144
Total Liabilities		9,056,442		7,776,662
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension (Note 4)		262,388		368,336
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		4,433,002		3,636,975
Unrestricted		29,927,349	_	24,665,804
Total Net Position	\$	34,360,351	\$	28,302,779

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES Years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Expenses		
Program	\$ 32,580,269	\$ 29,084,247
Operating	5,096,351	4,465,176
Non-Operating	1,144,000	1,062,772
Unallocated Depreciation (Note 3)	173,231	174,864
Total Expenses	38,993,851	34,787,059
Revenues		
Ad Valorem Taxes	42,440,445	38,597,498
Investment Income	1,163,907	721,353
Administrative Services Organization Funding	1,010,658	511,185
Other Community Partner Funding	289,758	301,687
Miscellaneous Income	146,655	<u>56,426</u>
Total Revenues	45,051,423	40,188,149
Change in Net Position	6,057,572	5,401,090
Net Position, Beginning of Year	28,302,779	22,901,689
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 34,360,351	\$ 28,302,779

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY BALANCE SHEETS – GOVERNMENTAL FUND September 30, 2019 and 2018

	<u>2019</u>	2018
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2)	\$ 16,080,362	\$ 14,354,302
Receivables		
Ad Valorem Taxes	343,965	252,730
Other	392,852	350,483
Prepaid Expenditures	23,000	26,100
Designated Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2)		
Future Commitments	18,554,405	14,249,878
Minimum Operational Expenditures	2,598,850	2,388,909
Building and Capital Reserve	313,119	229,591
Total Assets	\$ 38,306,553	\$ 31,851,993
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$ 246,530	\$ 99,337
Contracts Payable	5,535,564	4,706,657
Accrued Salaries, Wages and Benefits	138,733	117,955
Other Liabilities	3,182	117
Total Liabilities	5,924,009	4,924,066
FUND BALANCE		
Nonspendable Fund Balance		
Prepaid Expenditures	23,000	26,100
Committed Fund Balance		
Building and Capital Reserve	313,119	229,591
Minimal Operational Expenditures	2,598,850	2,388,909
Assigned Fund Balance		
Future Commitments of Current Programs	18,554,405	14,249,878
Unassigned Fund Balance		
Unassigned Funds	10,893,170	10,033,449
Total Fund Balance	32,382,544	26,927,927
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 38,306,553	\$ 31,851,993

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION September 30, 2019 and 2018

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 32,382,544	\$ 26,927,927
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	4,433,002	3,636,975
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	939,626 (262,388)	958,809 (368,336)
Some liabilities applicable to the Children's Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as fund liabilities. Compensated absences Net pension liability	(240,547) (2,891,886)	(337,452) (2,515,144)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 34,360,351</u>	\$ 28,302,779

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019		2018
Operating Revenues			
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 42,440,445	\$	38,597,498
Investment Income	1,163,907		721,353
Administrative Services Organization	1,010,658		511,185
Other Community Partner Funding	289,758		301,687
Miscellaneous Income	146,655		56,426
Total Revenues	45,051,423		40,188,149
Expenditures			
Program			
Continuation and New Funding	 32,580,269	_	29,084,247
Total Program	 32,580,269	_	29,084,247
Operating			
Salaries	2,846,577		2,567,266
Employee Benefits	1,068,422		964,940
Contracted Professional Services	375,839		326,436
Facility Expenditures	344,685		244,469
Professional Development	54,360		35,097
Other Operating	 213,396		201,664
Total Operating	 4,903,279		4,339,872
Non-Operating			
Capital Outlay	969,258		-
Local Government Fees	 1,144,000		1,062,772
Total Expenditures	 39,596,806	_	34,486,891
Net Change in Fund Balance	5,454,617		5,701,258
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 26,927,927	_	21,226,669
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 32,382,544	\$	26,927,927

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 5,454,617	\$ 5,701,258
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These expenses are: Compensated Absences Pension Expense	96,905 (289,977)	(23,825) (101,479)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current period.	706 027	(174.864)
in the current period.	796,027	(174,864)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,057,572	\$ 5,401,090

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Organization and Reporting Entity</u>: The Children's Board of Hillsborough County (the Children's Board) is authorized under section 125.901, Florida Statutes (Chapter 86-197, Laws of Florida). The Children's Board was established as an independent special district by the approval of county voters in 1988 and the effective date of the creation of the Children's Board was January 1, 1989. As authorized in Section 31 of Chapter 90-288, Laws of Florida, the Children's Board operates under the provisions of section 125.901, Florida Statutes, as they existed prior to October 1, 1990.

The mission of the Children's Board is: The Children's Board invests in partnerships and quality programs to support the success of all children and families in Hillsborough County.

The primary focus of the Children's Board investments in the community is to support programs that strive to ensure children are ready to learn, developmentally on track, healthy and in safe and stable environments.

The Children's Board is constantly surveying the community for the needs of children and families; reviewing local data and supporting programming that aligns with the Mission to meet those needs. Program investments are monitored and evaluated individually for performance and our focus areas are then analyzed for community impact.

The Children's Board funds training, technical assistance, capacity building, neighborhood initiatives and emerging community needs that were otherwise not anticipated. All of these funding streams blend together to create positive community conditions that benefit children and families.

The Children's Board has been determined to be an "Independent Special District" as described in Section 189.403, Florida Statutes, and is an "Other Stand-Alone Government" as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) of the Financial Accounting Foundation Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. An Other Stand-Alone Government does not have a separately elected governing body and does not meet the definition of a component unit of a primary government, as defined. The Children's Board is authorized to levy an ad valorem tax of up to one-half mil (\$.0005) on the taxable value of real and tangible personal property within the jurisdiction of its members. The Children's Board's ad valorem taxes are assessed as part of the annual assessment of Hillsborough County, which levies its taxes November 1 of each year. Collection of taxes is scheduled for November through the following March. Taxes become delinquent April 1 and tax certificates placing liens on the property are sold May 31.

The significant accounting policies followed are described below.

<u>Basis of Accounting and Presentation</u>: The financial statements of the Children's Board have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and reporting principles.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u>: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information on all of the activities of the Children's Board as a whole.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This differs from the way governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Governmental Fund Financial Statements</u>: The financial transactions of the Children's Board are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Children's Board considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due and executed.

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise of a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Children's Board is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in their fund can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – This component includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This component consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, there are no restricted fund balances.

Committed – This component consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Children's Board highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Children's Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned – This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the Children's Board intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Executive Director has been given the authority to assign specific items of fund balance as expressed in the Children's Board Fund Balance Policy.

Unassigned – This classification represents amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

In general, restricted funds are used first when an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. For unrestricted fund balance, the order in which resources shall be spent is committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Children's Board. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Net Position</u>: Net Position presents the difference between assets and liabilities in the statements of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by laws or regulations of other governments or external restrictions by creditors or grantors. An unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes at the option of the Board of Directors. If restricted and unrestricted net positions are available for the same purpose, then the restricted position will be used before unrestricted position.

<u>Designated Assets</u>: Designated assets represent cash, cash equivalents, and investments committed or assigned by the Board of Directors or Executive Officers, for building and capital reserve, minimal operating expenditures, and future commitments. Committed assets are restricted for use by formal action of the Board. Assigned assets are those assets intended for a specific use by the executives of the Children's Board. As of September 30, 2019 and 2018 there are designated assets of \$21,466,374 and \$16,868,378, respectively.

<u>Accounting Pronouncements Adopted During the Year:</u> The following GASB pronouncements were adopted by the Children's Board during the year ended September 30, 2019. Adoption of these pronouncements did not have a material impact on the Children's Board financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* – This Statement improves the accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires the measurement of an ARO to be based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred. This Statement requires the current value of a government's AROs to be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually. This Statement requires certain disclosures such as information about the nature of a government's AROs, methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. This Statement also requires how funding and assurance requirements are being met by a government, as well as the amount of any assets restricted for payment of the government's AROs, if not separately displayed in the financial statements. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. The implementation of this pronouncement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements – This Statement improves the information that is disclosed in the notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The Statement defines debt as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash or other assets in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed as the date the contractual obligation is established. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The implementation of this pronouncement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

<u>Tax-Exempt Status</u>: As a governmental unit, the Children's Board is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of estimates that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. These estimates are based on management's knowledge and experience. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

<u>Budgets</u>: A formal budget is adopted for the general fund on a GAAP basis and is used as a limitation on expenditures. The original version of the budget was approved by the Board of Directors of the Children's Board on August 23, 2018 and became effective on October 1, 2018. After final approval, no reductions or increases are permitted, except for adjustments in the administrative budget, without the approval of the Board of Directors. The Executive Director is permitted to change the category amounts within the administrative budget by 10% so long as the aggregate administrative budget is not increased. The Executive Director may, by approval of the funded agency, adjust the line items of program budgets of funded agencies, including transfer of funds between programs operated by the same agency, and provided such transfers do not increase the aggregate allocation to the agency approved by the Board. Appropriations lapse at yearend and budgetary control is at the fund level.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments</u>: Cash consists of checking accounts, collectively designated as demand deposits. Cash deposits are carried at cost. The Children's Board considers all highly liquid debt instruments (including restricted assets) with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates market value. The investments constitute the fair value of the shares in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund for fiscal years 2019 and 2018.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets with an original value of \$5,000 or more, and additions, improvements and other capital outlays having an original cost of \$5,000 or more that significantly extend the useful life are capitalized. Capital assets are accounted for in the government-wide statements, rather than in the fund financial statements. Routine maintenance, repairs, renewals and replacement costs are charged against operations.

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

The depreciation on assets, where disclosed, is provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	30 years
Improvements	7 years
Improvements other than building	10 years
Office equipment	5 years
Office furniture	7 years
Computer equipment	3 years

<u>Contracts Payable</u>: Contracts payable represents the Children's Board's liability to funded agencies for expenditures incurred under approved contracts which had not been paid by the Children's Board at year end.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Following Hillsborough County's Civil Service Law and pursuant to the Rules of the Civil Service Board, full-time, classified, permanent employees earn a paid vacation of two calendar weeks (10 working days) a year, increasing on a graduated scale to a maximum period of four calendar weeks (20 working days) after 15 years of service. Unclassified employees earn a paid vacation of three calendar weeks (15 working days) a year increasing on a graduated scale to a maximum period of six calendar weeks (30 working days) after 15 years of service.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

Prior to February 2, 1997, all employees could accrue vacation without limit for use during the period of active employment, but payments of unused vacation for classified employees generally were limited to two times the number of days that the employee was entitled to accrue on an annual basis. However, effective on February 2, 1997, payments for unused annual leave are now subject to a limit of 320 hours or the employee's balance of accrued leave before February 2, 1997, whichever is greater.

In accordance with Statement No. 16 of GASB, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the compensated absences liability represents an accrual for vacation and sick leave and is calculated based on the pay or salary rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Additionally, accruals have been made for salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences, using the rates in effect at the balance sheet date. The salary-related payments subject to this accrual are those items for which an employer is liable to make a payment directly and incrementally associated with payments made for compensated absences on termination. Accordingly, the Children's Board has recognized 7.65% of the compensated absences liability, representing its share of the Social Security and Medicare taxes. An accrual is also made for the pension cost related to Florida Retirement Service and the ICMA 457 Plan for compensated absence calculations.

<u>Pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the plan net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS or the System) and additions to/deductions from FRS' plan net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Property tax collections are governed by Chapter 197, Florida Statutes. The Hillsborough County Tax Collector bills and collects all property taxes levied within the County. Discounts of 4, 3, 2, and 1% are allowed for early payment in November, December, January, and February, respectively. The Tax Collector remits collected taxes at least monthly to the Children's Board. The Children's Board recognizes property tax revenue as it is received at the government-wide level and at the government fund level. As such, the Children's Board does not reserve an amount for an allowance for doubtful accounts. The calendar of events is as follows:

January 1 Property taxes are based on assessed value at this date as determined

by the Hillsborough County Property Appraiser.

July 1 Assessment roll approved by the state.

September 27 Millage resolution approved by the Board of Directors

October 1 Beginning of fiscal year for which taxes have been levied.

November 1 Property taxes due and payable.

November 30 Last day for 4% maximum discount.

April 1 Unpaid property taxes become delinquent.

May 15 Tax certificates are sold by the Hillsborough County Tax Collector. This is the first

lien date on the properties.

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2019, the bank balance of the Children's Board deposits was \$884,683 and the book balance was \$857,063. At September 30, 2018, the bank balance of the Children's Board deposits was \$727,485, and the book balance was \$684,994. The difference between the Children's Board book amount and bank amount is due to outstanding checks in its demand deposit accounts.

Of the September 30, 2019 Children's Board bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC). Of the September 30, 2018 bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by FDIC. The State of Florida collateral pool is a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its members for collateral shortfalls if its member institution fails. Required collateral is defined under Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes, *Security for Public Deposits*.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u>: Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Children's Board's deposits may not be returned to it. Florida Statutes require deposits by governmental units in a financial institution be collateralized. The State of Florida maintains control over the collateral requirements and authorizes certain financial institutions to act as depositories for governmental units. The Children's Board maintains all accounts in financial institutions approved by the State of Florida.

Investments: The investment policy of the Children's Board is established in accordance with Florida Statutes Section 218.415, the Statutory Investment Policy Method. The objective of the investment policy is to ensure protection of principal, provide adequate liquidity and earn a competitive market rate of return. Florida Statutes also authorizes the Children's Board to invest excess funds in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool (Florida PRIME) administered by the State Board of Administration under the regulatory local government oversight of the State of Florida. The balance in that account on September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018 was \$36,689,673 and \$30,537,686, respectively. Both of these types of investments are classified as Cash Equivalents on the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet due to the nature of the underlying securities and their corresponding liquidity. The Children's Board continues to monitor the economic environment in order to identify other investment options to maximize attainment of the investment policy objectives.

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the Children's Board utilized a Public Funds Non-Interest-Bearing Checking account, with Wells Fargo Bank, for all banking transactions. The Children's Board also invested short term surplus funds in the Florida PRIME.

At September 30, 2019, the Children's Board's investments, with their corresponding ratings from Standard & Poor's, were as follows:

Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Credit Rating
Local Government		
Surplus Funds Trust Fund		
Florida Prime	\$ 36,689,673	AAAm
Concentration of Credit Risk Issuer	<u>Amount</u>	% of Portfolio
Local Government		
Surplus Funds Trust Fund		
Florida PRIME	\$ 36.689.673	100%

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the Children's Board utilized a Public Funds Non-Interest-Bearing Checking account, with Wells Fargo Bank, for all banking transactions. The Children's Board also invested short term surplus funds in the Florida PRIME.

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At September 30, 2018, the Children's Board's investments, with their corresponding ratings from Standard & Poor's, were as follows:

Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>		Credit Rating
Local Government			
Surplus Funds Trust Fund			
Florida Prime	\$	30,537,686	AAAm
Concentration of Credit Risk Issuer		<u>Amount</u>	% of Portfolio
Local Government			
Surplus Funds Trust Fund			
Florida PRIME	\$	30,537,686	100%

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The Children's Board places no limit on the amount they may invest in any one issuer. The majority of the Board's investments are in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Florida PRIME account.

<u>Investment Rate Risk:</u> As a means of limiting its exposure to fair market value losses arising from interest rates, the Children's Board's investment policy is structured to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. All of the Children's Board's investment portfolios were intended to have maturities of less than one year.

<u>Withdrawal Limitations:</u> As of September 30, 2019, and 2018, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that served to limit the Children's Board's daily access to 100 percent the account balance held at the Florida Prime.

As of September 30, 2019, the Children's Board has the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	<u>1 - 3</u>	<u>3 - 5</u>	<u>5 - 10</u>	<u>10 - 20</u>
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Florida PRIME	\$ 36,689,673	\$ 36,689,673	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

As of September 30, 2018, the Children's Board had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	<u>1 - 3</u>	<u>3 - 5</u>	<u>5 - 10</u>	<u>10 - 20</u>	
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Florida PRIME	\$ 30,537,686	\$ 30,537,686	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents are reported in the accompanying statements of net position as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,080,362	\$ 14,354,302
Designated assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>21,466,374</u>	16,868,378
	<u>\$ 37,546,736</u>	\$ 31,222,680

The statement of net position classifications are summarized by investment categories as follows:

Cash	2019 \$ 857.063	2018 \$ 684.994
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust	·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Florida PRIME	<u>36,689,673</u>	30,537,686
	\$ <u>37,546,736</u>	\$ 31,222,680

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance 09/30/18	Additions	Retirements/ Transfers	Balance 09/30/19
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land-Palm Avenue	\$ 1,082,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,082,724
Land-FRC Temple Terrace	-	300,000	-	300,000
Depreciable assets:				
Building-Palm Avenue	4,730,008	-	-	4,730,008
Building-FRC Temple Terrace	-	650,000	-	650,000
Improvements	155,638	-	-	155,638
Construction-in-Progress	-	19,258	-	19,258
Improvements other than building	414,711	-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	5,880	-	-	5,880
Office Furniture	39,806	-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	11,151	-	-	11,151
	6,439,918	969,258		7,409,176
Less, accumulated depreciation:				
Building-Palm Avenue	2,273,031	157,667	-	2,430,698
Building-FRC Temple Terrace	-	-	-	-
Improvements	58,364	15,564	-	73,928
Improvements other than building	414,711	-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	5,880	-	-	5,880
Office Furniture	39,806	-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	11,151	-	-	11,151
	2,802,943	173,231		2,976,174
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,636,975	\$ 796,027	\$ -	\$ 4,433,002
•		·		

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance 09/30/17		Additions	 rements/ ansfers	Balance 09/30/18
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land-Palm Avenue	\$ 1,082,724	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,082,724
Depreciable assets:					
Building-Palm Avenue	4,730,008		-	-	4,730,008
Improvements	155,638		-	-	155,638
Improvements other than building	414,711		-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	11,266		-	(5,386)	5,880
Office Furniture	39,806		-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	40,369		-	(29,218)	11,151
	 6,474,522	,	-	(34,604)	 6,439,918
Less, accumulated depreciation:					
Building-Palm Avenue	2,115,364		157,667	-	2,273,031
Improvements	42,800		15,564	-	58,364
Improvements other than building	414,711		-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	9,633		1,633	5,386	5,880
Office Furniture	39,806		-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	40,369		-	29,218	11,151
	2,662,683		174,864	34,604	2,802,943
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,811,839	\$	(174,864)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 3,636,975

Depreciation expense during the year ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$173,231 and \$174,864, respectively. These amounts are included in depreciation in the accompanying Government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position.

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS

All of the Children's Board's employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS Plan). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan (Investment Plan) alternative to the Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Florida Legislature establishes and may amend the contribution requirements and benefit terms of all FRS plans. The plan administrator for FRS prepares and publishes its own stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report, including financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of this report can be obtained from the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, Bureau of Research and Member Communications, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000; or at the Division's website (www.frs.myflorida.com).

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership for the Children's Board are as follows: • Regular Class - Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes • Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) - Members in senior management level positions. Employees enrolled in the Pension Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest after six years of creditable service, and employees enrolled in the Pension Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest after eight years of creditable service. Regular Class and SMSC members initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of creditable service. Members in these classes initially enrolled in the Pension Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting within 20 years of normal retirement age; however, there is a 5.0% benefit reduction for each year prior to the normal retirement age.

DROP is available under the Pension Plan when the member first reaches eligibility for normal retirement. The DROP allows a member to retire while continuing employment for up to 60 months. While in the DROP, the member's retirement benefits accumulate in the FRS Trust Fund increased by a cost-of-living adjustment each July, and earn monthly interest equivalent to an annual rate of 1.30%. DROP participants with an effective DROP commencement date before July 1, 2011, earn monthly interest equivalent to an annual rate of 6.50%

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned.

	% Value (Per Year
Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	of Service)
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July, 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60%
Retirement up to age 63 or up to 31 years of service	1.63%
Retirement up to age 64 or up to 32 years of service	1.65%
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.68%
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled On or After July, 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60%
Retirement up to age 66 or up to 34 years of service	1.63%
Retirement up to age 66 or up to 35 years of service	1.65%
Retirement up to age 67 or up to 36 years of service	1.68%
Senior Management Service Class	2.00%

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The benefits received by retirees and beneficiaries are increased by a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) each July. If the member was initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before that time, the annual COLA is 3.0% per year. The annual COLA for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP date beginning on or after August 1, 2011, who were initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, is a proportion of 3.0% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3.0%. Pension Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a COLA after retirement.

Contributions - Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the Pension Plan, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute 3.0% of their salary to the Pension Plan. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the Pension Plan based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year.

The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019, respectively, were as follows: Regular -6.54% and 6.75%, Senior Management Service - 22.34% and 23.69% and DROP participants 12.37% and 12.94%. The employer contribution rates by job class for the period from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 were as follows: Regular -6.20%, Senior Management Service -20.99% and DROP participants 11.60%. These employer contribution rates do not include the HIS Plan contribution rate and the administrative cost assessment.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, contributions, including employee contributions of \$64,174 and \$61,268, to the Pension Plan for the Children's Board totaled \$215,726 and \$198,256, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Children's Board reported liabilities of \$1,986,847 and \$1,696,530, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2019 and July 1, 2018. The Children's Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on its share of the Children's Board's 2018-2019 and 2017-2018 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2018-2019 and 2017-2018 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the Children's Board's proportionate share was 0.005769244%, which was an increase of 0.000136772% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the Children's Board's proportionate share was 0.005632472%, which was a decrease of 0.000125312% from its proportionate share measured at June 30, 2017.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Children's Board recognized pension expense of \$279,373 and \$100,405, respectively. In addition, the Children's Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan from the following sources:

As of September 30, 2019		red Outflow Resources		erred Inflow Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	\$	117,846 510,307	\$	1,233 -
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Children's		-		109,923
Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions Children's Board contributions subsequent to the		53,456		28,378
measurement date		46,806		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	728,415	\$	139,534
	Defer	red Outflow	Defe	erred Inflow
As of September 30, 2018	of F	<u>Resources</u>	of F	<u>Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	<u>of F</u> \$	143,722 554,343	<u>of F</u> \$	5,216
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	·	143,722		
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on	·	143,722		5,216 -
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Children's Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions	·	143,722 554,343		5,216 - 131,078

The deferred outflows of resources as of September 30, 2019 related to the Pension Plan for the Children's Board resulting from contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
2020	\$ 187,357
2021	64,555
2022	145,121
2023	107,215
2024	29,495
Thereafter	 8,332
Totals	\$ 542,075

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	2019	2018
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Salary Increases	3.25%	3.25%
Investment Rate of Return	6.90%	7.00%
Mortality Rates	PUB2010 base table varies by	Generational RP-2000 with
	member category and sex,	Projection Scale BB tables
	projected generationally with	
	Scale MP-2018	

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013. Assumption changes adopted by the FRS Assumptions Conference were incorporated into the July 1, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

As of September 30, 2019:

		Annual Arithmetic	Compunt Annual	
Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Return	(Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.00%	3.30%	3.30%	1.20%
Fixed Income	18.00%	4.10%	4.10%	3.50%
Global Equity	54.00%	8.00%	6.80%	16.50%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	6.70%	6.10%	11.70%
Private Equity	11.00%	11.20%	8.40%	25.80%
Strategic Investment	6.00%	5.90%	5.70%	6.70%
Total	100.00%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.60%	1.70%

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2018:

		Annual Arithmetic	Compunt Annual	
Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Return	(Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.00%	2.90%	2.90%	1.80%
Fixed Income	18.00%	4.40%	4.30%	4.00%
Global Equity	54.00%	7.60%	6.30%	17.00%
Real Estate (Property)	11.00%	6.60%	6.00%	11.30%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.70%	7.80%	26.50%
Strategic Investment	6.00%	6.00%	5.70%	8.60%
Total	100.00%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.60%	1.90%

^{*}As in the Pension Plan's investment policy.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of July 1, 2019 and 2018 was 6.90% and 7.00%, respectively. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following represents the Children's Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90% and 7.00%, respectively, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.90%) or one percentage point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

As of June 30, 2019	19	% Decrease 5.90%			1	1% Increase 7.90%	
Proportional Share of the Net		0.0070	0.5070				
Pension Liability	\$	3,434,597	\$	1,986,847	\$	777,731	
			Cur	rent Discount			
	19	6 Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase	
As of June 30, 2018		6.00%	7.00%			8.00%	
Proportional Share of the Net			•		•		
Pension Liability	\$	3,096,238	\$	1,696,530	\$	533,989	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan - At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Children's Board reported no payables outstanding for contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

HIS Plan

Plan Description - The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions - The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. The employer contribution rates for the periods from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019 were 1.66%. The employer contribution rate for the period from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 was 1.66%. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, contributions to the HIS Plan for the Children's Board totaled \$44,906 and \$41,935, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Children's Board reported liabilities of \$905,039 and \$818,614 respectively, for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2018. Liabilities originally calculated as of the actuarial valuation date have been recalculated as of June 30, 2019 using a standard actuarial roll-forward technique. The Children's Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on its share of the 2018-2019 and 2017-2018 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the Children's Board's proportionate share was 0.008088652%, which was an increase of 0.000354282% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the Children's Board's proportionate share was 0.007734370%, which was a decrease of 0.000164693% from its proportionate share measured at June 30, 2017.

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Children's Board recognized pension expense of \$10,604 and \$1,074, respectively. In addition, the Children's Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan from the following sources:

As of September 30, 2019		Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	10,993	\$	1,108	
Change of assumptions		104,795		73,971	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		584		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between Children's		00.040			
Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions		83,248		47,775	
Children's Board contributions subsequent to the		11 501			
measurement date	Φ.	11,591	Φ.	400.054	
Total	\$	211,211	\$	122,854	
	Deferr	ed Outflow	Defe	rred Inflow	
As of September 30, 2018		esources		esources	
710 01 00010011001 00, 2010	OFT	<u> </u>	<u>01 1 v</u>		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	12,533	\$	1,391	
Change of assumptions		91,040		86,551	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments				_	
pariation promite annual annua		494			
Changes in proportion and differences between Children's		494			
·		494 66,344		79,864	
Changes in proportion and differences between Children's		66,344		79,864	
Changes in proportion and differences between Children's Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions				79,864 <u>-</u>	

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The deferred outflows of resources as of September 30, 2019 related to the HIS Plan resulting from contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year ended September 30:	
2020	\$ 5,364
2021	25,667
2022	24,010
2023	4,585
2024	4,994
Thereafter	 12,146
Totals	\$ 76,766

Actuarial Assumptions - Actuarial valuations for the HIS plan are conducted biennially. The July 1, 2018 HIS valuation is the most recent actuarial valuation and was used to develop the liabilities for June 30, 2019. Liabilities originally calculated as of the actuarial valuation date have been recalculated as of June 30, 2019 using a standard actuarial roll-forward technique. The total pension liabilities as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

2019	2018
2.60%	2.60%
3.25%	3.25%
3.50%	3.87%
Generational RP-2000 with	Generational RP-2000 with
Projection Scale BB tables	Projection Scale BB tables
	2.60% 3.25% 3.50% Generational RP-2000 with

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at June 30, 2019 and 2018 was 3.50% and 3.87%, respectively. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-asyou-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate used in the 2018 valuation was updated from 3.87% to 3.50%, reflecting the change in the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

*Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following represents the Children's Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 using the discount rate of 3.50% and 3.87%, respectively, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50% and 2.87%) or one percentage point higher (4.50% and 4.87%) than the current rate:

			Cui	rent Discount			
	1% Decrease Rate				1% Increase		
As of June 30, 2019	2.50%		2.50%			3.50%	4.50%
Proportional Share of the Net							
Pension Liability	\$	1,033,149	\$	905,039	\$ 798,339		
			Cui	rent Discount			
	1% Decrease			Rate	1% Increase		
As of June 30, 2018	2.87%		3.87%		4.87%		
Proportional Share of the Net							
Pension Liability	\$	963,805	\$	818,614	\$ 723,806		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the HIS Plan - At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Children's Board reported no payables outstanding for contributions to the HIS plan required for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

The aggregate net pension liability, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, deferred outflows or resources related to pensions, and pension expense for the Children's Board as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

As of September 30, 2019		FRS		HIS	Total		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Pension expense	\$	728,415 1,986,847 139,534 279,373	\$	211,211 905,039 122,854 10,604	\$	939,626 2,891,886 262,388 289,977	
As of September 30, 2018	FRS		HIS		Total		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Pension expense	\$	778,467 1,696,530 200,530 100,405	\$	180,342 818,614 167,806 1,074	\$	958,809 2,515,144 368,336 101,479	

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Investment Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the defined benefit pension plan. Children's Board employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% through June 30, 2019 and 0.06% starting July 1, 2019, of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Effective July 1, 2012, allocations to the investment member's accounts, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30% and Senior Management Service class 7.67%.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Children's Board.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Investment Plan pension expense for the Children's Board totaled \$67,435 and \$56,990 respectively for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Payables to the Investment Plan - At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Children's Board reported no payables outstanding for contributions to the Investment Plan required for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Children's Board offers its permanent employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457. The International City Managers Association (ICMA) administers the plan. The plan is available to all permanent employees, which allows a deferral of a portion of their wages until future years. The Children's Board contributes 1.5% of compensation. A distribution from the deferred compensation plan to an employee is allowed at termination of employment, retirement, death, or under certain emergencies. Vesting is simultaneous with the contribution. Employees are allowed to contribute on a pre-tax basis not to exceed amounts dictated by U.S. Treasury Regulations. Employer contributions during the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$42,107 and \$38,064, respectively.

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Children's Board participates in Hillsborough County, Florida's health system (Health Plan) which provides for a postemployment health benefit subsidy. The subsidy is funded by a \$20 per employee per month employer contribution during active service. The Children's Board implemented GASB Statement 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions" for FY 2018. The OPEB liability and/or revenue and expense associated with the Children's Board's participation in the Health Plan along with the related disclosures and required supplementary information are not considered material to the Children's Board financial statements. For FY 2019 and FY 2018, the Children's Board's funding to the Health Plan related to the subsidy was \$7,900 and \$7,120, respectively. The Health Plan does not issue separate financials statements. Refer to the Hillsborough County, Florida's financial statements for more information on the Health Plan.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 is comprised of the following for accrued compensated absences:

	Balance <u>9/30/2018</u>	Additions	Additions Reductions				
Accrued annual leave Accrued sick leave Net pension liability	\$ 245,866 91,586 2,515,144	\$ 187,895 69,535 692,169	\$ (202,489) (151,846) (315,427)	\$ 231,272 9,275 2,891,886			
	\$ 2,852,596	\$ 949,599	\$ (669,762)	\$ 3,132,433			

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

	Balance <u>9/30/2017</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance 9/30/2018
Accrued annual leave Accrued sick leave Net pension liability	\$ 229,017 84,610 2,547,718	\$ 177,461 77,423 385,981	\$ (160,612) (70,447) (418,555)	\$ 245,866 91,586 2,515,144
	\$ 2,861,345	\$ 640,865	<u>\$ (649,614)</u>	\$ 2,852,596

The current portion of the above long-term liabilities for accrued annual leave and sick leave was \$9,986 and \$23,662 for September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTE 6 - OTHER LIABILITIES

Other Short-Term liabilities activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 is comprised of the following:

	09/30/2019	09/30/2018		
Other liabilities	\$ 3,182	\$ 117		
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	9,986	23,662		
Total other liabilities	<u>\$ 13,168</u>	\$ 23,779		

NOTE 7 - FUND BALANCE

By resolution of the Board of Directors of the Children's Board the following have been internally reserved:

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NOTE 8 - ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. \$477,413 was encumbered from fiscal year 2019 to FY 2020. There were no encumbrances from fiscal year 2018 to FY 2019.

NOTE 9 - CHILDREN'S BOARD FOUNDATION

The Children's Board of Hillsborough County entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Children's Board Foundation, Inc. (CBF) for the purpose of assisting the Children's Board mission.

The purpose of this understanding is to ensure coordinated efforts to plan, provide, and support activities for children, families and service providers in Hillsborough County. The Foundation and the Children's Board support the promotion of health, well-being and development of all children in Hillsborough County.

This Agreement shall be effective from the date first set out and shall continue until terminated by either party. Either party may terminate this Agreement upon written notice to the other party specifying the date of termination which may be upon mailing of such notice.

As the basis for financial statement inclusion, the CBF meets the component unit test of GASB 14 as amended by GASB 61 at fiscal year-end 2019 and 2018. However, materiality and significant, as applied to CBF, was defined to be excluded from the consolidated financial statement presentation of the Children's Board.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Children's Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and the destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters and worker's compensation claims. These risks are covered by property and casualty insurance purchased from an independent third party. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded the Children's Board's property and casualty coverage for the past three fiscal years.

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CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Children's Board proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0058%	0.0056%	0.0058%	0.0054%	0.0055%	0.0054%
Children's Board proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$1,986,847	\$1,696,530	\$1,703,114	\$1,367,514	\$ 708,772	\$ 330,913
Children's Board covered payroll	\$2,705,199	\$2,526,177	\$2,517,807	\$2,304,347	\$2,095,744	\$2,015,719
Children's Board proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	73.45%	67.16%	67.67%	59.34%	33.82%	16.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th.

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$ 215,726	\$ 198,256	\$ 186,117	\$ 169,522	\$ 167,520	\$ 157,450
contribution	(215,726)	(198,256)	(186,117)	(169,522)	(167,520)	(157,450)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>
Children's Board covered payroll	2,705,199	2,526,177	2,517,807	2,304,347	2,095,744	2,015,719
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.97%	7.85%	7.39%	7.36%	7.99%	7.81%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th.

Notes to required supplementary information:

Changes of assumptions: During the plan year ended June 30, 2019 the discount rate decreased from 7.00% to 6.90% and the mortality tables changed from Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables to PUB2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Florida Retirement System Health Insurance Subsidy Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Children's Board proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Children's Board proportionate share of the net pension	0.0081%	0.0077%	0.0079%	0.0075%	0.0069%	0.0068%
liability (asset)	\$ 905,039	\$ 818,614	\$ 844,604	\$ 869,953	\$ 704,494	\$ 634,350
Children's Board covered payroll Children's Board proportionate share of the net pension	\$2,705,199	\$2,526,177	\$2,517,807	\$2,304,347	\$2,095,744	\$2,015,719
liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	33.46%	32.41%	33.55%	37.75%	33.62%	31.47%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th.

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS Florida Retirement System Health Insurance Subsidy Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$ 44,906		\$ 41,935	\$	41,796	\$	38,252	\$	26,406	\$	24,189
contribution	(44,906)	(41,935)		(41,796)		(38,252)		(26,406)		(24,189)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -		<u> </u>	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	
Children's Board covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$2,705,199 1.66%		\$2,526,177 1.66%	\$2	2,517,807 1.66%		2,304,347 1.66%	\$2	2,095,744 1.26%	\$2	2,015,719 1.20%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th.

Notes to required supplementary information:

Changes of assumptions: During the plan year ended June 30, 2019 the discount rate decreased from 3.87% to 3.50%.

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GOVERNMENT FUND Year ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019				2018			
				Variance				Variance
	Original	Final		Positive	Original	Final		Positive
_	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$41,771,412	\$ 41,771,412	\$42,440,445	\$ 669,033	\$37,969,389	\$37,969,389	\$38,597,498	\$ 628,109
Investment Income	756,000	756,000	1,163,907	407,907	333,000	333,000	721,353	388,353
Revenue Maximization Activities	-	-	-	-	45,300	45,300	-	(45,300)
Administrative Services Organization	1,405,000	1,405,000	1,010,658	(394,342)	410,000	710,000	511,185	(198,815)
Other Community Partner Funding	360,000	360,000	289,758	(70,242)	160,000	410,000	301,687	(108,313)
Miscellaneous Income	155,000	155,000	146,655	(8,345)	5,000	59,787	56,426	(3,361)
Total Revenues	44,447,412	44,447,412	45,051,423	604,011	38,922,689	39,527,476	40,188,149	660,673
Expenditures:								
Program								
Continuation and New Funding	41,248,693	39,848,493	32,580,269	7,268,224	33,615,126	34,165,126	29,084,247	5,080,879
Total Program	41,248,693	39,848,493	32,580,269	7,268,224	33,615,126	34,165,126	29,084,247	5,080,879
Operating								
Employee Salaries and Benefits	3,973,914	3,973,914	3,914,999	58,915	3,621,749	3,672,136	3,532,206	139,930
Contracted Professional Services	397,790	397,790	375,839	21,951	356,420	357,820	326,436	31,384
Facility Expenditures	554,902	554,902	344,685	210,217	307,131	307,131	244,469	62,662
Other Operating	305,945	305,945	267,756	38,189	297,262	300,262	236,761	63,501
Total Operating Non-Operating	5,232,551	5,232,551	4,903,279	329,272	4,582,562	4,637,349	4,339,872	297,477
Capital Expenditures	-	1,400,200	969,258	430,942	-	-	-	-
Local Government Fees	1,201,570	1,201,570	1,144,000	57,570	1,093,213	1,093,213	1,062,772	30,441
Total Expenditures	47,682,814	47,682,814	39,596,806	8,086,008	39,290,901	39,895,688	34,486,891	5,408,797
Excess (Expenditures) over Revenues	(3,235,402)	(3,235,402)	5,454,617	8,690,019	(368,212)	(368,212)	5,701,258	6,069,470
	, , ,	,		3,330,010	, ,	, ,		0,000,470
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	26,927,927	26,927,927	26,927,927		21,226,669	21,226,669	21,226,669	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$23,692,525	\$ 23,692,525	\$32,382,544	\$ 8,690,019	\$20,858,457	\$20,858,457	\$26,927,927	\$ 6,069,470





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Children's Board of Hillsborough County Tampa, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Children's Board of Hillsborough County (the "Children's Board") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Children's Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Children's Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Children's Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Children's Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Children's Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crown Llt

Tampa, Florida March 12, 2020



Board of Directors Children's Board of Hillsborough County Tampa, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Children's Board of Hillsborough County (the "Children's Board"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 12, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations reported in the prior year.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Children's Board was established as described in Footnote One. The Children's Board included the following component units: the Children's Board Foundation, Inc. which is disclosed in footnote nine.

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Children's Board has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Children's Board did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Children's Board's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management, accounting procedures, and internal controls. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuses that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statement amounts that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Crowe LLP

Crown Llf

Tampa, Florida March 12, 2020



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

Board Members Children's Board of Hillsborough County Tampa, Florida

We have examined the Children's Board of Hillsborough County's (the "Children's Board") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, concerning the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the Children's Board is responsible for the Children's Board compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Children's Board compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Children's Board complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Children's Board complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Children's Board compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Children's Board complied, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes* for the year ended September 30, 2019.

The purpose of this report is solely to comply with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General.* Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crown Llf

Tampa, Florida March 12, 2020